

The Intelligencer.

Office Nos. 25 and 27 Fourteenth Street.

This time the O'Donovan Rossa has tied himself up in a good deal of a scrape. The murder in his office is a new phase of Rossism.

While business men are considering what they shall do on their own account in the matter of natural gas, Ohio county might adopt Mr. Peterson's suggestion to make a tax on the Poor Farm.

Mr. Samuel P. McCormick seems determined to collect internal revenue. He has felt this way about it before. Now why is it that he always feels it necessary to approach the place under cover? Can it be that he fears West Virginia Republicans are not hilariously with him?

When the President looked around for an Arthur man in West Virginia to make Internal Revenue Collector he was necessarily limited to a very narrow circle. If there were anything to harmonize just now it could be said of the President that he had harmonized with a vengeance.

The meeting of business men to consider the best method to obtain a supply of natural gas for Wheeling was not so well attended as it should have been. But we have begun to move, and that is something. It may be that the next meeting will develop a greater public interest. From all the propositions submitted, together with the good sense of an intelligent committee, a feasible plan should be evolved.

History will say of President Arthur that even in the last days of his administration he endeavored to pay his political debts. In West Virginia he had no more active and zealous friend than Samuel P. McCormick, of Grafton. Mr. McCormick very much desired the President's nomination at Chicago. Though he waged a hopeless battle he joined with other gentlemen who desired the same end and strove to get Blaine out of the way and put Arthur in the lead. In the Martinsburg convention he came to the front in the Arthur interest and went down with the Arthur guard, overwhelmed by the popular tide.

It will be remembered that before the campaign had opened there was a movement on foot to make Mr. McCormick Collector of Internal Revenue. The protest was so deep and loud that the project was abandoned, and when the two West Virginia districts were consolidated the tumult was quieted by the reappointment of General Duval. Then came the effort of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to force General Duval into the Arthur phalanx, followed by General Duval's assertion of his independence and that by his resignation. This resignation was not accepted on the eve of President Arthur's retirement, and seemingly for no other purpose than to give a faithful henchman a job.

There can be no pretense that this appointment is made to please West Virginia Republicans or to benefit the Republican party in West Virginia. If a vote of the party had been taken the choice would not have fallen on Mr. McCormick. He is appointed in payment of personal services rendered or sought to be rendered. The appointment takes no higher form.

It has been understood that General Duval was willing to await the appointment of his successor by President Cleveland. If so there was no urgency in the matter, and it would have been more seemly to leave the vacancy for the incoming President to fill. It may be that the Senate will take this view and refuse to confirm the nomination.

The Greely Relief Ship. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—A bill was passed in the Senate to-day directing the transfer of one of the vessels of the Greely relief expedition to the Treasury Department for a revenue cutter, for use in the waters of Alaska and for enforcing the revenue of the other two for use in the Navy as surveying vessels, or otherwise. In submitting the report Mr. Cameron said the revenue cutter now in Alaska was insufficient for the purposes of the government. Mr. Cameron inquired whether there was any intention on the part of the government to return to the English government the ship presented to the United States for the purposes of the Greely Expedition. Mr. Cameron said that the law, as it would stand without the passage of this bill, the Secretary of the Navy would be required to sell all the ships forming part of the relief expedition.

The New Postal Note. New York, Dec. 9.—The Homer Lee Bank Note Company, which has the contract for printing the new large postal notes, has been advised that orders will be issued from the Postoffice Department at once to all the postoffices in the country notifying the old yellow notes, to suspend their issue until supplied with the new ones. The old notes are printed on paper from which the water would remove the writing ink. Shrewd counterfeiters discovered this and have raised numbers of notes and collected the money. The new notes are being printed at the rate of 2,000,000 per month. There are 2,000 offices to be supplied. Under the new order all the principal offices are now using the new notes.

A Pittsburgher's Folly. Pittsburgh, Jan. 9.—It has just leaked out that Herman Smith, chief clerk of Andrew Carnegie's iron mills, has eloped with Annie Marx, who was until recently an inmate of a respectable house on Second street. Smith was highly respected, moved in the best society, and was an active member of the Lawrenceville M. E. Church, and his friends made every effort to hush the matter up to save the man from disgrace, hoping in the meantime that he would return. To-day, however, the wife herself made the story public.

Natural Gas Line Completed. McKeesport, Pa., Jan. 9.—The line of pipe conveying natural gas from Murrysville to this city has been finished and the gas was running to-day. It will be used to supply fuel for Wood's Rolling Mill and the Union Gas Company, which is now laying pipe about town, will secure its gas from the line, which is owned by the Carpenter Gas Company.

Poor John McCullough. St. Louis, Jan. 9.—John McCullough left this morning for Chicago, where he says he has important business to attend to.

WELL KNOWN FENIAN

STABBED IN ROSSA'S OFFICE

In New York City by a Fellow Fenian—Circumstantial Evidence that O'Donovan Rossa was Connected With the Crime. Antecedents of the Murdered Man.

New York, Jan. 9.—At a late hour this afternoon several men rushed out of No. 12 Chambers street, in which building is located the office of O'Donovan Rossa and the United Irishman. In a few seconds afterward a man covered with blood tottered down stairs to the hallway and sank on the front step, while his blood covered the sidewalk in streams. The most intense excitement ensued, and a large crowd flocked to the scene. Several officers rushed up, and seeing a few men making towards Chambers street and City Hall, followed them. One of them, a tall man, was captured and brought back to where the dying man was lying.

"Is this the man who stabbed you?" asked the officer.

"Yes, that is the man," said the bleeding man; "but, by heavens! if I'm going to die, I'll die game and there will be two of us!"

With that, and before the bystanders could realize his intention, he drew a revolver and fired two shots in quick succession at the man standing before him. One of the balls took effect in the thigh of the would be murderer. This still further increased the excitement and the neighborhood became wild with all sorts of rumors. The man who was stabbed proved to be Capt. Thomas Phelan, of Kansas City, aged 45, and his assailant, who he says stabbed him, gave his name as Richard Short, of 561 Tenth avenue.

An ambulance was summoned and Phelan taken to the Chambers street hospital, in a dying condition. He is stabbed in the neck and breast, and several other places.

CAUSE OF THE SHOOTING. There were rumors that he gave away some secrets of the Fenian organization. A printer named Schmidt, who has a composing room on the same floor as Rossa's room, says, "I was at my work. Suddenly I heard a noise that sounded like the upsetting of a table, followed by loud and angry words and curses. This continued for some seconds; when something heavy was thrown against the wall. I then saw the man who was stabbed, and he looked like help! but I am not sure whether that was the word or not. Then the door was banged open and four men ran down stairs, each trying to push the other out of his way. Blood was trickling down the face of the last man. They were half down the stairs when the man with the blood on his face fell on the sidewalk, put his hand to his hip pocket, pulled out a revolver and fired at one of the three men, which one I cannot tell, as I did not get a good look at him. I then saw the man who was stabbed, he pulled up his coat, placed his hand to his breast and stepped forward as if going to fall."

WAS ROSSA IMPLICATED? "Did you see O'Donovan Rossa among the four men?" Mr. Schmidt was asked. "I can't say that I did."

"The police claim to have a letter from Rossa to the wounded man, telling him to come on to New York to his office; that he had important business for him. Phelan was asked by Fireman Cottrill if he wanted a minute of rest. No," he replied; "I don't want anybody, I don't believe in any religion. I am a follower of Bob Ingersoll."

News of the stabbing and shooting spread rapidly and an infernal scene was on all sides as to who Phelan and Short were. Phelan appeared to be known to many men identified with several Irish revolutionary societies.

Rossa was condemned by a number of his compatriots for giving publication in his paper this week to an interview printed in the Kansas City Journal, purporting to have been had with Phelan, giving a detailed account of the operations of the dynamite in England. Threats were made against Rossa's life, and it is said his immediate friends had determined to form a bodyguard to protect him.

WHO THE PARTIES ARE. Short, it is said, came to this country with the man who in the summer of '82 shot at Jim McDermott in Captain Ryan's saloon, on Chambers street. He is said to be a native of Cork, where he was one of the principal leaders of the movement directed by O'Donovan Rossa.

A long interview in the Kansas City Journal was published by Phelan lately. Phelan was one of the originators of the skinning fund and was at one time suspected of being the famous "No. 1" mentioned by informant Casey in his evidence. He has been an Irish Nationalist all his life and always been prominent in revolutionary movements. Short is said to be one of the Irishmen who were recruited in this country by the treachery of Jim McDermott, of Brooklyn, who is now believed to be in the pay of the British government.

Phelan says the man who stabbed him and whom he shot is named Burke. John F. Kearney accompanied Phelan into Rossa's office. The other two men Phelan does not know. He came to New York by appointment with Kearney.

Rossa was in his office since the affair, but cannot be found to-night.

The News at Phelan's Home.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 9.—The news of the stabbing of Captain Thomas Phelan in New York, created quite a stir of excitement in this city. His absence was not generally known, and only a few friends were aware of his visit to New York. Phelan took exception to comments in O'Donovan Rossa's paper upon the interview published here and left for New York City Tuesday night with the intention, it is stated, of asking an explanation or retraction of them. He represented to his wife he was going to St. Louis, and was in the city since the evening of the encounter there.

Charges Against Lieut. Garlington. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—The Star publishes an interview with General Hisea concerning the charges he has preferred against Lieutenant Garlington. The general says the charges contain new matter, not known to the man from disgrace, hoping in the meantime that he would return. To-day, however, the wife herself made the story public.

The Government Buying Pictures. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—Senator Sherman today reported favorably from the Library Committee amendments in the bill to be proposed to the sundry civil appropriation bill, appropriating \$10,000 for the portrait of Gen. Thomas by Mrs. Ransom and \$15,000 for the painting of the Electoral Commission by Mrs. Fassett.

Fatalities to Boy Scouts. Porterville, Pa., Jan. 9.—As a number of boys were skating on a pond this afternoon the ice gave way, and four of them, ranging in age from 12 to 15 years, were drowned. The bodies were recovered.

WILLIAM VARNER IN JAIL

For the Fatal Shooting of his Wife at Grafton.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. GRAFTON, W. Va., Jan. 9.—A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of William Varner, on the charge of shooting his wife. The officers, who were on his track, found him this afternoon, hiding in a pile of rails on a farm about two miles from the place of the shooting. He was arrested without resistance and committed to jail to await the result of his shot. Mrs. Varner is still alive, but no hopes are entertained of her recovery.

After his arrest Varner confessed his guilt to the detectives, W. T. Wirt and John Lloyd, of the R. & O. Railroad, claiming, however, that the shooting was accidental.

Public feeling is very high, and it was feared for a long time that he would be taken from the officers by the impatient people and lynched. The circumstantial evidence against him is overwhelming, and his own statement of the affair is so conclusive of the excuse of accident that there is no doubt he will hang for the crime.

Varner is about twenty years of age, and was married last July to Mary Weaver, who was then about eighteen years of age. It is said he treated her badly and they lived together only a month or two, when she left him.

Varner and Two Others Out Again. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. GRAFTON, W. Va., Jan. 9.—Three prisoners escaped from the county jail at Pruntytown to-night. They are William Varner, who was put in only a few hours before the delivery to await the result of the gunshot wound supposed to have been inflicted by him upon his wife, and Arthur Evans and George Hardman, two boys arrested some weeks ago for complicity in the robbery of Baltimore & Ohio freight cars. By some means a saw came into possession of the prisoners, with which they made an opening in a door, effecting their escape. Officers are in pursuit of the fugitives, but up to a late hour they have eluded arrest.

SLY SAMUEL.

S. P. McCormick's Hat Chalked for General Duval's Pinco-A-Civil Service Job.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of Samuel P. McCormick, of Grafton, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of West Virginia.

On the State Standard, Jan. 9, 1885.

Mr. Samuel McCormick, of Grafton, was appointed a special agent of the revenue department, and from the 11th day of April, 1884, to the 30th day of the same month and year, he traveled to and from in the land, ostensibly, as it is said, as a Government employee, but really as an agent to secure votes for Mr. Arthur. The story illustrates the methods of the President, and explains apparent idiosyncrasies of the late West Virginia campaign. This story may not be true. But the following items taken from the big book of the United States are food for reflection: Samuel McCormick, Grafton, W. Va., for mileage from April 11, 1883, to April 30, 1883, for the same time, \$18.20; fees for the same time, \$18.20. The books of the Revenue Department, if more closely searched, might disclose some other and further accounts for special service.

WOULDN'T SELL FOR \$25,000.

The Gantz Well at Little Washington Excites Drillers for Oil and Farmers. WASHINGTON, Pa., Jan. 9.—Washington is becoming thoroughly excited over the prospects of the development of a new oil territory in this region. The Gantz well is besieged with oil men, and bribes as high as \$1,000 have been offered the guards to allow some of the strangers to take a peep into the derrick shanty.

It was reported to-night that one man had even crawled upon the floor of the derrick to ascertain, if possible, the situation of affairs. Oil experts and capitalists are arriving on every train, and the farmers within a radius of 10 miles are being enticed regarding leases upon their properties by these parties, as well as by the members of the home company who drilled the well.

Thousands of acres have been secured. The report current on the streets tonight is that the well had been sold for \$25,000 proves to be incorrect, as a correspondent is informed by one of the directors.

A COLOR BLIND MINISTER

Marries a White Coachman to a Black Woman.

New York, Jan. 9.—Baptist Islanders are again discussing the matrimonial eccentricities of a coachman who lives in Stapleton. For some days Mrs. John Bowald, who lives in Rock street, Clifton, has been asking the aid of many prominent Germans to endeavor to stop her son John from his announced intention of marrying a negro girl, or quadroon, Clara Bradley, who lives in Rocky Hollow. On Sunday evening the couple were married at the house of Miss Bradley's father, by the Rev. Adolph Kuehne, of the German Lutheran Church in Stapleton. Yesterday a meeting of some of the church officials was said to have been held to ask the pastor to explain his willingness to perform the ceremony. Mr. Kuehne said to a reporter that he did not know that Miss Bradley was a negro.

SAVING THE ARMY SHOWS FIGHT.

A Captain Who Says his Orders are From Heaven.

DOVER, N. H., Jan. 9.—A horse was frightened last night by the bass drum of the Salvation Army. The city was asked to pay the resulting damages. Mayor Ross in person joined Capt. Thompson, of the Salvation Army, that under no conditions will he allow them to parade with music. Thompson replied that he took his orders from Heaven, who would not allow an earthly power to dictate. He telegraphed to Sacramento for some of the Army to come up at once. Meanwhile the Mayor is getting the police in trim.

Bull Dogging the Young Man.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Jan. 9.—A party of bull dogs in Franklin county went to the house of a negro Saturday night for the purpose of whipping him. They demanded admittance, and being refused, one of the party, a young man named "Arty," who was drunk and armed with a knife, was thrown down by a charge from a shot gun. The rest of the party fled. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide.

Something Like Vanderbilts Will.

ROGON, Jan. 9.—The will of the late George Gardner, a millionaire of this city, directs the annual payment to his wife of 1,161 Troy ounces of pure gold and \$10,000 additional. The weight specified represents the weight of Mrs. Gardner at the time of her marriage—about 93 pounds.

The Chinese Must Go to School.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Jan. 9.—Superior Judge Maguire decided to-day, in the case of Mamie Tape, a Chinese girl ten years of age, against Mrs. Jennie M. Hurley, principal of a public school of this city, that Chinese children born in this country are

entitled to admission to the public schools. The decision is based on the Fourteenth Amendment, which secures equal privileges to all persons born within the United States, subject to their jurisdiction, and the State law, which provides that all children shall have equal facilities for education by means of the public schools. The decision created much surprise and excitement.

THE GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

An Earlier Start This Year Than Usual. Over Production.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 9.—The glass manufacturers here have inaugurated a movement to have the factories close down two or three months earlier this year than usual. Some of the manufacturers want to close down on the first of April and others on the first of May, and continue over the regular summer vacation. This question will be settled at the meeting of the manufacturers' association in Washington, D. C., next week.

Prices of window glass since the strike have been kept up in excess of the demand. This state of affairs, the manufacturers claim, is strictly necessary, and that if the factories run full time this year there will be heard the usual cry of over production. The O'Hara glass table works, which has been shut down for some time on account of the closeness of trade, will resume Monday, giving employment to three hundred men.

THE IRON TRADE

From the Standpoint of the Cleveland Manufacturers.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 9.—The Iron Trade Review, in its annual resume of the iron and steel industries of Cleveland, shows a total of 47 establishments in operation in 1884 as against 135 in 1883. In 1884 an average of 14,637 men were employed, compared with 17,114 in 1883. The aggregate capital invested in 1884 was \$21,547,000, in 1883 \$21,202,500. The total value of the year's product in 1884 was \$25,201,500. In 1883 it was \$22,411,000. Prices the past year declined from 15 to 20 percent. As a rule manufacturers look for an improvement in trade early in the present year.

Gloomy Outlook for Railroads.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9.—Capt. R. S. Hayes, Senior Vice President of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, who has just returned from the East, in an interview stated that railroad interests generally are in a very depressed condition and business very dull everywhere. He thinks there is almost a universal lack of confidence in railroads and does not believe any new road will be constructed in the near future.

A WEEK'S FAILURES.

A Large Increase in the South and West Recently.

New York, Jan. 9.—The business failures in the last seven days, reported by R. G. Dun & Co., number for the United States 429; Canada 28; total 457. This is far in excess of any previous chronicle for the same period. The increase is largely in the South and West, where failures are notably twice as numerous as during ordinary weeks in '84.

A Georgia Bank Assigns.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Jan. 9.—The Bank of Augusta, a bank chartered by the State many years before the war, has made an assignment to Harper Bros., attorneys, for the benefit of its creditors. The capital stock is one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Depositors will be paid in full.

Clock Makers' Failure.

New York, Jan. 9.—Six Bros., Herman & Co., manufacturers of clocks, filed an assignment to-day to Henry Rice; preferences fifty thousand dollars.

The Ohio Miners.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 9.—The State Miners' Association spent the day in considering the reports of the commissioners, and elected as President, John McBride, of Massillon; Vice President, N. R. Hysell, of Sand Run; Secretary and Treasurer, Charles Lewis, of Massillon.

Resolutions were adopted, condemning syndicates, and calling upon the Legislature for legislation to prevent strikes and lockouts, and endorsing Gov. Hoadly's policy relative to the Hocking Valley strike, in refusing to call out the troops.

Petitioners' Down.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 9.—The workmen of the nut factory of William Charles and those engaged at McElroy's factory have been notified of a reduction of wages of from ten to fifteen percent. The men refused to accept, and both establishments closed. It is thought a compromise will soon be arranged and work resumed.

Puddlers at Work.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 9.—The puddling department of the Union iron mills of Carnegie Bros. & Co., resumed operation to-day after several weeks' idleness.

The Blue Section.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 9.—The mass meeting for consideration of the affairs of the Exposition brought forth good results. The attendance was large. Exhibitors are jubilant and the Board of Management are satisfied they have taken a great stride towards obtaining much needed funds. The appointments of Committees on finance, transportation and reception give general satisfaction.

On Monday Different Breeds of Beef Will Be Sold.

L. F. Whitman, of Chicago, was appointed superintendent of the beef show exposition; entries close February 5.

Tobacco Warehouse Burned.

RAIKIRK, N. C., Jan. 9.—Last night a fire broke out in the large tobacco storage warehouse at Durham, completely destroying the building and the smoking tobacco establishment of Z. J. Lyon & Co. Blackwell's Durham Company loss 400,000 pounds of leaf tobacco in the warehouse. H. A. Reams lost about the same quantity. All the leaf tobacco in Lyon & Co.'s factory was burned, but the bulk of the manufactured tobacco was saved. Reams' loss \$25,000; insurance \$21,000; Blackwell's loss \$25,000; insurance \$25,000; Lyon & Co.'s loss \$20,000; insurance \$14,500.

Mormon Democratic Sentiment.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, Jan. 9.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held last night of Democratic clubs composed of young men of prominent Mormon families. A. J. Phelps, a son of the late President Brigham Young, was a prominent speaker. He said: "Here is a complete union of church and State."

A Mormon Cried Out, "I Guess It."

Young responded: "I guess it is the Mormons and the beautiful deers who are the enemies of the State." A number of others spoke in the same vein.

Cleveland at a Ball.

DUBLINO, Jan. 9.—The charity ball held at the Genesee was the most brilliant and successful affair of the kind ever given in this city, particularly so when the tolls of the ladies and the beautiful deers who are the enemies of the State. The presence of President-elect Cleveland did much toward bringing this about. The best classes of Buffalo people were present.

POISONED COFFEE

ENDANGERS TWELVE LIVES

And Causes the Loss of One—"Rough on Rats" as an Ingredient of Coffee—A Girl Near East Liverpool Charged With Poisoning on Two Occasions.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STREUVILLE, O., Jan. 9.—Information from East Liverpool says that at a party given near there last night by Miss Annie Vanfossen, the following parties were poisoned by a paper of "Rough on Rats," put in a coffee pot: Daniel Vanfossen and wife; Mrs. Collins, mother of Mrs. Vanfossen, aged 85 years; Henry, Mattie, Danny, Elmer and Annie Vanfossen; Mrs. Angus McLane, Mr. James McLane and little Alice McLane.

This child is the only one who has died, though all are in a critical condition. Annie Vanfossen is in the coffee. An investigation is in progress.

By Associated Press.

EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio, Jan. 9.—A party was given at the residence of Mr. Vanfossen near East Liverpool last night and eleven persons were present. The coffee was passed around, and soon after drinking all suddenly became ill with symptoms of poison. A child, a niece of Vanfossen, died at midnight, and the balance are not expected to live. A paper found in the bottom of the coffee pot is supposed to be "rough on rats," as a box of it was found on the cupboard the day before and has disappeared.

Mr. Vanfossen's daughter, Anna, who is addicted to the use of opium, is supposed to have perpetrated the terrible crime, although she denies knowing anything about it. She was taken sick also, but less severely than the others, and soon recovered.

On Wednesday several school children became very sick after eating some taffy she had made, and which had been given to them by her younger sister.

An investigation was commenced to-day but owing to the utter prostration of all the unfortunate victims, but little testimony was taken. It will be continued Saturday. The death of Alice McLane will be a bitter pill to the community.

A Reubenville Grocery Closed. STREUVILLE, O., Jan. 9.—The grocery store of L. H. Walker, on North Fourth street, was closed by Sheriff Sharp to-day, on a judgment taken at Champaign by Dr. Walker, his father. The judgment is for \$2,040.47.

Interesting Papers to be Published.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9.—The papers called for by Senator Hawley in a resolution offered by him in the Senate yesterday, requesting the President to communicate to the Senate a historical statement concerning the public policy of the executive department of the Confederate States during the late war, which has recently been filed in the War Department by General William T. Sherman, will probably be sent to the Senate to-morrow. They consist of an autograph letter from the late Alexander Stephens, of Georgia, to General Sherman, which was recently published, and a letter from Sherman to Davis to the Confederate Congress, which was captured at Richmond, together with a communication from Gen. Sherman in reference to the documents.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The United States Senate has adjourned till Monday.

The House at last evening's session passed a resolution on pension bill and adjourned until to-day.

Much excitement existed at Dover, England, over an alleged plot to blow up the royal barracks with dynamite.

The first thing Madam Clowes Hughes said after her acquittal was: "Thank God, I shall now see my children!"

At Dodgeville, Wis., in a quarrel yesterday afternoon, an old citizen was killed with a club by his son, aged 19.

Boston officers arrested Michael and Andrew Prosky, on the charge of stealing trunks containing \$6,000 worth of human hair.

The committee appointed by the Southwestern railroad association has recommended the continuance of the pool for two years.

An accommodation train was thrown from the track near Farmingdale, L. I., Thursday night, and Henry Bortz, engineer, and Joseph Dabell, fireman, were killed.

At Philadelphia yesterday Rev. James P. Campbell, colored, a Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was arrested and taken before a magistrate on the charge of perjury.

A human skull to which was attached a paper tag inscribed "A. T. Stewart," was found in a private residence at Hoboken. It is supposed to have been thrown into the area for a joke.

A Toronto dispatch states that during the past year the number of immigrants arriving in the provinces was 87,390, against 97,515 the previous year. Of the total 58,459 went to the United States.

At Morris, Wis., the planning mill and 40,000 feet of lumber belonging to the Scott Lumber Company, was being sold by fire. Loss \$20,000, not insured; caused by overheated oil being leaked on a large stove.

Judge Hilton, on behalf of Mrs. A. T. Stewart, offered an endorsement for a cathedral at Garden City which would cost \$15,000 per year. It is reported that the offer was declined, being inadequate.

A dispatch from Melbourne states that the King of Samoa and the German Consul have concluded a treaty securing to Germany three areas in the cone of the Kingdom, thereby largely increasing Germany's influence.

Princes Edward and George, sons of the Prince of Wales, are writing an account of their voyage around the world. The work is based upon diaries kept by the Princes, and will be ready for publication in April. It will be in two volumes and be profusely illustrated.

At Cleveland Robert W. Wright, for many years a prominent journalist in the East and well known author and magazine writer, died yesterday morning of congestion of the brain, aged 69. He was a member of the Whig party in Wisconsin before the war.

At Louisville, Ky., in a bar room fight Fred Eckler was killed and James Smith fatally shot. Smith first hit Eckler on the head with a brick, killing him instantly. Eckler then broke Frank drew a pistol and shot him through the neck. The parties are colored. Frank Eckler was arrested.

The House Committee yesterday referred to the Court of Claims a case pending in Congress twenty-nine years. The claim was made for \$25,000 by Charles F. Swain, of Brooklyn, N. Y., as a recompense for rescuing a shipwrecked crew from an uninhabited island near Cape Horn in 1849.

CANADA KICKS.

Her Loyalty Could Not Stand the Strain of a War with America.

QUEBEC, Jan. 9.—Le Courrier Du Canada, a newspaper, discussing the recent article of the London Times on the Nicaraguan canal difficulty and the possibility of a rupture between England and the United States, adds:

"There is no doubt Canada would become the theatre of operations, and in our case we would have a right to protest and refuse to allow ourselves to be slaughtered like sheep. We are asked to endure all the calamities and all the horrors of war to defend England's interests in Central America. This is really coming it too strong, and we hardly think that our loyalty will permit us to enter upon so perilous a path."

BY HIS OWN HAND.

An Ex-Soldier Shoots Himself Fatally at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 9.—Major Charles B. Brady, until a week ago subscription clerk in the Republican office, and well known in Masonic and other orders, committed suicide late last night by shooting himself through the head, at his home. He was in the army during the war, and served part of the time as one of Gen. McClellan's body-guard. He was a native of Brooklyn, N. Y., where his relatives now reside. He leaves a wife and two daughters.

A Cincinnati's Suicide.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 9.—Henry M. Guiseld, late teller of the First National bank, committed suicide last night at the residence of O. H. Tudor, his brother-in-law, cashier of the Union National bank, on East Walnut hills. He resigned his position in the bank last May, and had not since found employment. This is said to have depressed his spirits and led to his death. He was unmarried and forty-two years old.

Secretary Martin at Detroit.

DETROIT, Jan. 9.—Secretary Martin, of the Amalgamated Association, arrived in this city to-night from Pittsburgh, and is in conference with the Eureka Iron Company at Wyandotte concerning the resumption of work. Sometime ago it was understood work would be resumed as soon as the men would accept ten percent reduction; the officers of the local branch of the Amalgamated Association being so informed.

Criticizing the Queen's Government.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—The Marquis of Salisbury, the Conservative leader of the House of Lords, has